COURSE OUTLINE Drought and Agro-Forest Fires

EDUCATION LEVEL	7				
CODE	WBCC-513ws SEMESTER 2 ¹		2 nd		
TITLE	Drought and Agro-forest fires				
TEACHING ACTIVITIES		HOURS/WEEK		ECTS	
Lectures, Practice exersices, Field work		3		6	
TYPE OF COURSE	Main course in the specialization «Water scarcity»				
PREREQUISITE KNOWLEDGE	-				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION AND ASSESSMENT	Greek				
AVAILABILITY TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	-				
WEBSITE (URL)	https https://eclass.uoa.gr/courses/GEOL576/				

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes/Subject Specific Competences

Fire is an important ecological factor with a presence on the planet starting from the moment of the existence of any form of terrestrial vegetation, affecting both the structure and distribution of many plant communities across the globe. For millions of years it has been a periodic process in the succession cycle of vegetation, causing its continuous regeneration and promoting the productivity of many plant communities and ecosystems. Later, fire became an important human tool, widely used to improve living conditions. The fire characteristic most altered by human presence is fire frequency, mainly due to the increase in ignition sources. At the same time, the climate change that leads to increasingly dry conditions in already dry and semi-arid areas favors the occurrence and development of fire even more. The increased frequency and extent of wildfires is a major global issue due to their high contribution to air pollution and their consequent impact on ecosystem properties and human health. Projections of forest fire activity around the world under projected global changes in climate patterns, anthropogenic activities and land uses suggest a significant increase in fire frequency by 2050, affecting many regions of the world. In order for a problem to be addressed or managed it is first necessary to understand it. Upon successful completion of the course, students will know:

The historical ecological role of fire in shaping today's global landscape

The phenomenon of fire, the parameters that determine its behavior and the elements that determine the fire regime of an area

The properties of the fuel that determine the behavior and severity of the forest fire.

The role of climate and climate change in the current and future behavior of agro-forest fires.

The ecological effects of fire on soil and vegetation and plant survival mechanisms

The great importance of preparing homes to protect them from fires

Modern fire behavior prediction tools and how to use them

Modern fire risk assessment methods

Generic Competences

Application of knowledge in practice

Autonomous work

Teamwork

Work in an international environment

Work in an interdisciplinary environment

Respect for the natural environment

Promotion of free, creative and inductive thinking

COURSE CONTENT

The purpose of the course is for the students to acquire a global and comprehensive knowledge of the phenomenon of rural-forest fires, its dynamics and its management. For this reason, the content of the course covers both the subject of pyroecology and that of pyrology and is structured as follows:

Historical evolution of the phenomenon of fires

The combustion process and the physical and chemical properties of fuel that affect it

Forest fire behavior and regime

Effects of fires on the chemical, physical and biological properties of the soil.

Immediate, short-term and long-term effects of fires on vegetation

Plant survival strategies from fires

Status of forest fires in Greece, the Mediterranean and the world and their dynamics under conditions of climate change and socio-economic changes

Forest fire behavior prediction models and modern risk assessment approaches Protection of citizens from forest fires & the great importance of preparing homes Management of forest fires including the social dimension of the problem Behavior of past deadly fires and lessons learnt

LEARNING ACTIVITIES - TEACHING and ASSESSMENTS METHODS

ELAKINING ACTIVITIES - TEACHING and ASSESSMENTS METHODS				
MODE OF DELIVERY	Distance learning			
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of ICT in Teaching			
COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY	Use of ICT in Laboratory Education			
	Use of ICT in communication with students			
	Use of ICT in Student Assessment			
PLANNED LEARNING ACTIVITIES	Activity	Semester Workload		
	Lectures	39 h		
	Practice Exercises	30 h		
	Individual Project	40 h		
	Individual study	41 h		
	Total	150 h		
ASSESSMENT METHODS AND	Multiple choice questions			
CRITERIA	Questions requiring short answers			

TEXTBOOKS - BIBLIOGRAPHY

Καλαμποκίδης, Κ., Ηλιόπουλος, Ν., Γλιγλίνος, Δ. (2013). Πυρο-Μετεωρολογία και Συμπεριφορά Δασικών Πυρκαγιών σε ένα Μεταβαλλόμενο Κλίμα. Εκδόσεις ΙΩΝ ISBN 978 960 508 045 7

Finney, M. A., McAllister, S.S., Grumstrum, T.P., Forhofer, J.M. (2021). Wildland Fire Behaviour: Dynamics, Principles and Processes. CSIRO publishing

Keeley, J. E., Bond, W. J., Bradstock, R. A., Pausas, J. G., Rundel, P. W. (2012). Fire in Mediterranean ecosystems: ecology, evolution and management. Cambridge University Press.

Συναφή επιστημονικά περιοδικά:

International Journal of Wildland Fire - CSIRO Publishing

Fire - MDPI

Fire Ecology - Springer

Forest Ecology and Management - Elsevier