COURSE OUTLINE Geographical information systems and water resources management

EDUCATION LEVEL	7				
CODE	WBCC	-502	SEMESTER	SEMESTER	
TITLE	GIS				
TEACHING ACTIVITIES		HOURS/WEEK		ECTS	
Lectures, exercises		3		6	
TYPE OF COURSE	Main course in the specialization «Water scarcity»				
PREREQUISITE KNOWLEDGE	-				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION AND ASSESSMENT	Greek				·
AVAILABILITY TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	-		·		
WEBSITE (URL)	https://eclass.uoa.gr/courses/GEOL575/				

LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes/Subject Specific Competences

After successfully completing the course, students will be able to:

understand the principles and techniques of data processing in a Geographic Information System

import spatial data into GIS applications and determine how to visualize them

compile a digital map and export it to a printable file to provide water resource data as easy-to-understand maps and electronic forms for water agencies

use numerous GIS applications,

apply methods of spatial analysis and creation of pseudo-3D models

model the hydrological regime of an area through the processing of spatial data within a GIS software and develop spatial datasets at catchment scale related to water resources management

use analysis and problem-solving techniques, based on GIS software, for sustainable planning and management of water resources

Generic Competences

Measurement, research, analysis and synthesis of data and information, using the necessary technologies.

Advancement of free, creative and inductive thinking.

Critical thinking and constructive self-appraisal

Adaptation to new conditions and situations.

Self-contained (individual) work

Teamwork

Trans-disciplinary scientific work

Respect for the natural environment

Project design and management

Decision making

COURSE CONTENT

GIS and its applications help solve many environmental problems, including water resources management. In today's world of technology, the use of GIS is a necessity for all water managers. This powerful toolset can be used for hydrologic modelling, environmental and habitat assessments, ecosystem-based studies, monitoring of riparian, wetland, and forest ecosystems, urban studies, and agricultural impact assessment. This course will explain to students the basics of GIS, teach techniques and methods so that it can be used as a tool for sustainable water management, and provide examples of real-world applications. It will demonstrate how to obtain the critical spatial information needed to design and implement water resource management plans and develop practical solutions to water management problems. It specifically includes:

Introduction to geographic information systems,

Learning to digitize, view spatial data and map composition,

Creation of digital elevation models,

Delineation of drainage basins and hydrographic network,

• Soil morphometric analysis for hydrological modelling

LEARNING ACTIVITIES - TEACHING and ASSESSMENTS METHODS

MODE OF DELIVERY	Distance learning			
USE OF INFORMATION AND	In Teaching:			
COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY	 Presentations using multimedia (images, animation, video). 			
	- Use of computers and specialized software and / or the use of MS			

	programs (mainly MS Excel). - PowerPoints (ppt) uploads in the e-class platform. In Communication with students: - Support of the learning process through the electronic platform e-Class (announcements, information, messages, documents, assignments, questionnaires, exercises, diary, user groups, multimedia, links, grading, e-book, etc.), and through personal contact.			
PLANNED LEARNING ACTIVITIES	Activity Lectures Practice Exercises Study and analysis of educational material Assignments delivery Total	Semester Workload 3 hrs x 13 weeks 50 h 40 h 50 h 179 h		
ASSESSMENT METHODS AND CRITERIA				

TEXTBOOKS - BIBLIOGRAPHY

Suggested bibliography:

Lecture presentations
Digital links on the Internet
Related academic journals:

Environmental Monitoring and Assessment				Netherlands	1981			
Geomatics, Natural Hazards and Risk					United Kingdom	2010		
International	Journal	of	Applied	Earth	Observation	and	Netherlands	
Geoinformation								